ABN 40 000 880 393

**Financial Report** 

For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

### **Contents**

	Page
Directors' Report	1
Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001	5
Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	6
Statement of Financial Position	7
Statement of Changes in Equity	8
Statement of Cash Flows	9
Notes to the Financial Statements	10
Directors' Declaration	26
Independent Auditor's Report	27

ABN 40 000 880 393

## **Directors' Report**

#### **31 December 2018**

Your directors present their report on Warragamba Workers & Sporting Club Ltd for the financial year ended 31 December 2018.

#### 1 General information

#### Information on directors

The names, qualifications, experience and special responsibilities of each person who has been a director during the year and to the date of this report are:

Terry Frazer
Maurie Hall
Clayton Jenkins
Steve Key
Dave Costello
Narelle Jones
Kim Streater

Qualifications, experience and special responsibilities

The directors are residents of the local community and members of the club.

Clayton Jenkins has served as President during the year and to the date of this report.

Unless otherwise stated, directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report.

#### **Review of operations**

The (loss)/profit of the company after providing for income tax amounted to \$ (77,573) (2017: profit of \$142,124).

#### Significant changes in state of affairs

No significant changes in the company's state of affairs occurred during the financial year.

#### **Principal activities**

The principal activities of Warragamba Workers & Sporting Club Ltd during the financial year were to operate a sporting and recreation and licensed club.

No significant changes in the nature of the company's activities occurred during the financial year.

ABN 40 000 880 393

### **Directors' Report**

#### **31 December 2018**

#### 1 General information

#### **Objectives**

The company's short and long term objectives are to:

- provide members and guests with a relaxed, friendly place to meet with family and friends; and
- support local sporting and social organisations.

#### Strategy for achieving the objectives

To achieve these objectives, the company has adopted the following strategies:

- The company strives to attract and retain quality staff who are committed to providing quality service to members and quests;
- The company actively provides recordkeeping assistance to local clubs and organisations; and
- The company is committed to having relevant staff undertake training in the Responsible Conduct of Gaming and Responsible Service of Alcohol.

#### Performance measures

The company measures its performance through the use of both quantitative and qualitative benchmarks. The benchmarks are used by the directors to assess the financial sustainability of the company and whether the company's objectives are being achieved.

#### Members guarantee

Warragamba Workers & Sporting Club Ltd is a company limited by guarantee. In the event of, and for the purpose of winding up of the company, the amount capable of being called up from each member and any person or association who ceased to be a member in the year prior to the winding up is limited to \$ 2.

At 31 December 2018 the number of members was 1,975 (2017: 1,898).

#### 2 Other items

#### After balance date events

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company in future financial years.

#### **Future developments**

The company expects to maintain the present status and level of operations.

#### **Environmental matters**

The company's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulations under a law of the Commonwealth or of a state or territory.

ABN 40 000 880 393

### **Directors' Report**

#### **31 December 2018**

#### 2 Other items

#### Benefits received directly or indirectly by officers

No director has received or has become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the company or related body corporate with a director, a firm which a director is a member or an entity in which the director has a substantial financial interest.

This statement excluded a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by directors shown in the company accounts, or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the company or related body corporate.

#### **Meetings of directors**

During the financial year, 14 meetings of directors (including committees of directors) were held. Attendance by each director during the year were as follows:

	Directors' Meetings	
	Number eligible to Numl attend attend	
Terry Frazer	14	14
Maurie Hall	14	14
Clayton Jenkins	14	14
Steve Key	14	13
Dave Costello	14	13
Narelle Jones	14	9
Kim Streater	14	13

#### Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditors

During the financial year, the company paid a premium in respect of a contract insuring the directors of the company against a liability incurred as a director to the extent permitted by the *Corporations Act 2001*. The insurance premium was included as part of the company's overall insurance package and the specific premium paid cannot be determined.

#### Proceedings on behalf of company

No person has applied for leave of court to bring proceedings on behalf of the company or intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or any part of those proceedings.

The company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

### **Directors' Report**

#### 31 December 2018

#### Auditor's independence declaration

The lead auditor's independence declaration in accordance with section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the year ended 31 December 2018 has been received and can be found on page 5 of the financial report.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors:

Director: Director: Clayton Jenkins Director: Maurie Hall

Dated this 26TH day of FEBRUNRY 2019



# Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 to the Directors of Warragamba Workers & Sporting Club Ltd

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 31 December 2018, there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Kelly Partners Assurance Services

Peter Dawkins Registered Auditor Number 4334 North Sydney

Dated this 26 th day of February 2019

## Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

	Note	2018 \$	2017 \$
Revenue	3	1,596,890	1,521,357
Other income	3	7,160	190,000
Changes in inventories of finished goods and inventories purchased		(364,999)	(330,152)
Employee benefits expense		(539,738)	(499,784)
Depreciation expense		(124,807)	(118,372)
Other expenses		(658,062)	(617,721)
Finance costs		(5,674)	(4,659)
Profit/(loss) before income tax Income tax expense	_	(89,230) 11,657	140,669 1,455
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to members of the entity	_	(77,573)	142,124
Other comprehensive income, net of income tax			
Revaluation gain on land and buildings, net of tax		<u>-</u>	741,445
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	_	<u> </u>	741,445
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	(77,573)	883,569

### **Statement of Financial Position**

### As At 31 December 2018

	Note	2018 \$	2017 \$
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	150,041	189,485
Trade and other receivables	7	4,995	3,007
Inventories	8	28,983	26,752
Other assets	11 _	14,160	14,023
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	_	198,179	233,267
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	9	4,338,520	4,398,061
Investment property	10	440,000	440,000
Deferred tax assets	12 _	82,906	73,858
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	_	4,861,426	4,911,919
TOTAL ASSETS	_	5,059,605	5,145,186
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables Borrowings Other liabilities TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Deferred tax liabilities Long-term provisions Other liabilities TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	13 14 15 — 12 16 15 — —	240,462 65,140 17,266 322,868 110,858 9,025 14,150 134,033 456,901 4,602,704	222,451 87,020 18,387 327,858 113,467 7,421 16,163 137,051 464,909 4,680,277
EQUITY Reserves Retained earnings TOTAL EQUITY	- -	2,043,728 2,558,976 4,602,704	2,043,728 2,636,549 4,680,277

### Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

2018

Balance at 1 January 2018  Profit for the year attributable to members of the entity  Other comprehensive income for the year	Retained Earnings \$ 2,636,549 (77,573)	Asset Revaluation Surplus \$ 2,043,728	Total \$ 4,680,277 (77,573)
Total comprehensive income for the year	(77,573)	-	(77,573)
Balance at 31 December 2018	2,558,976	2,043,728	4,602,704
2017	Retained Earnings \$	Asset Revaluation Surplus \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 January 2017	2,494,425	1,302,283	3,796,708
Profit for the year attributable to members of the entity	142,124	-	142,124
Fair value gain on revaluation of land and buildings	-	769,653	769,653
Deferred tax liability on revaluation of land and buildings		(28,208)	(28,208)
Other comprehensive income for the year		741,445	741,445
Total comprehensive income for the year	142,124	741,445	883,569
Balance at 31 December 2017			

ABN 40 000 880 393

### **Statement of Cash Flows**

### For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

	Note	2018 \$	2017 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Receipts from customers		1,752,884	1,713,753
Payments to suppliers and employees		(1,706,810)	(1,657,293)
Interest received		142	131
Interest paid	_	(5,674)	(4,659)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	40,542	51,932
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(65,266)	(85,145)
Proceeds from sale of non-current assets	_	7,160	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	_	(58,106)	(85,145)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Repayment of borrowings	_	(21,880)	(22,337)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	_	(21,880)	(22,337)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents held Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		(39,444) 189,485	(55,550) 245,035
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	6 =	150,041	189,485

ABN 40 000 880 393

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

The financial report covers Warragamba Workers & Sporting Club Ltd as an individual entity. Warragamba Workers & Sporting Club Ltd is a not-for profit company limited by guarantee, incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

The functional and presentation currency of Warragamba Workers & Sporting Club Ltd is Australian dollars.

Comparatives are consistent with prior years, unless otherwise stated.

In accordance with ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191, amounts in the financial statements and Directors' Report have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

#### 1 Basis of Preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards - Reduced Disclosure Requirements, Australian Accounting Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

Significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and are consistent with prior reporting periods unless otherwise stated.

#### 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (a) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of inventory is determined using the weighted average costs basis and is net of any rebates and discounts received.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the costs necessary to make the sale. Net realisable value is estimated using the most reliable evidence available at the reporting date and inventory is written down through an obsolescence provision if necessary.

#### (b) Property, plant and equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment.

Where the cost model is used, the asset is carried at its cost less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. Costs include purchase price, other directly attributable costs and the initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and restoring the asset, where applicable.

Assets measured using the revaluation model are carried at fair value at the revaluation date less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Revaluations are performed whenever there is a material movement in the value of an asset under the revaluation model.

#### Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, excluding freehold land, is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the assets useful life to the company, commencing when the asset is ready for use.

ABN 40 000 880 393

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

#### 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (b) Property, plant and equipment

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable asset are shown below:

Fixed asset classDepreciation rateBuildings2.5%Plant and Equipment7.5% - 50%Furniture, Fixtures and Fittings11.25% - 20%Poker Machines25% - 37.5%

At the end of each annual reporting period, the depreciation method, useful life and residual value of each asset is reviewed. Any revisions are accounted for prospectively as a change in estimate.

#### (c) Investment property

Investment property is held to generate long-term rental yields and capital growth. Investment property is carried at fair value, determined annually by independent valuers or the directors. Changes to fair value are recorded in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as other income/expenses.

#### (d) Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised initially on the date that the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

On initial recognition, all financial instruments are measured at fair value plus transaction costs (except for instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss where transaction costs are expensed as incurred).

#### Financial assets

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

#### Amortised cost

Assets measured at amortised cost are financial assets where:

- the business model is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The company's financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and term deposits in the statement of financial position.

Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less provision for impairment.

ABN 40 000 880 393

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

#### 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (d) Financial instruments

#### **Financial assets**

Interest income and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets

Trade receivables and contract assets

Impairment of trade receivables and contract assets have been determined using the simplified approach in AASB 9 which uses an estimation of lifetime expected credit losses. The company has determined the probability of non-payment of the receivable and contract asset and multiplied this by the amount of the expected loss arising from default.

The amount of the impairment is recorded in a separate allowance account with the loss being recognised in finance expense. Once the receivable is determined to be uncollectable then the gross carrying amount is written off against the associated allowance.

Where the company renegotiates the terms of trade receivables due from certain customers, the new expected cash flows are discounted at the original effective interest rate and any resulting difference to the carrying value is recognised in profit or loss.

Other financial assets measured at amortised cost

Impairment of other financial assets measured at amortised cost are determined using the expected credit loss model in AASB 9. On initial recognition of the asset, an estimate of the expected credit losses for the next 12 months is recognised. Where the asset has experienced a significant increase in credit risk then the lifetime losses are estimated and recognised.

#### **Financial liabilities**

The company measures all financial liabilities initially at fair value less transaction costs, subsequently financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

The financial liabilities of the company comprise trade payables and bank and other loans.

#### (e) Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period the company determines whether there is an evidence of an impairment indicator for non-financial assets

Where this indicator exists and regardless for indefinite life intangible assets and intangible assets not yet available for use, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated.

Where assets do not operate independently of other assets, the recoverable amount of the relevant cashgenerating unit (CGU) is estimated.

ABN 40 000 880 393

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

#### 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (e) Impairment of non-financial assets

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the higher of the fair value less costs of disposal and the value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from an asset or cash-generating unit.

Where the recoverable amount is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss

Reversal indicators are considered in subsequent periods for all assets which have suffered an impairment loss

#### (f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### (g) Employee benefits

Provision is made for the company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to the end of the reporting period. Employee benefits that are expected to be wholly settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled.

Employee benefits expected to be settled more than one year after the end of the reporting period have been measured at the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits. In determining the liability, consideration is given to employee wage increases and the probability that the employee may satisfy vesting requirements. Changes in the measurement of the liability are recognised in profit or loss.

#### (h) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

#### (i) Income tax

Only non-member income of the association is assessable for tax, as member income is excluded under the principle of mutuality.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future tax profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax is not provided for the following:

- The initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss).
- Taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

ABN 40 000 880 393

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

#### 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (i) Income tax

Temporary differences related to investment in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities to
the extent that the group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is
probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and losses can be utilised.

Current and deferred tax is recognised as income or an expense and included in profit or loss for the period except where the tax arises from a transaction which is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity, in which case the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity respectively.

#### (i) Leases

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all of the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease term.

#### (k) Revenue and other income

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point of delivery as this corresponds to the transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods and the cessation of all involvement in those goods.

#### Rendering of services

Revenue in relation to rendering of services is recognised depending on whether the outcome of the services can be estimated reliably. If the outcome can be estimated reliably then the stage of completion of the services is used to determine the appropriate level of revenue to be recognised in the period.

If the outcome cannot be reliably estimated then revenue is recognised to the extent of expenses recognised that are recoverable.

#### Rental income

Investment property revenue is recognised on a straight-line basis over a period of the lease term so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

#### (I) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

ABN 40 000 880 393

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

#### 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (I) Goods and services tax (GST)

Receivables and payable are stated inclusive of GST.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows in the statement of cash flows are included on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as operating cash flows.

#### (m) Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The directors evaluate estimates and judgments incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the company.

#### Key estimates - fair value of land and buildings and investment property

The company carries its land and buildings at fair value with changes in the fair value recognised in revaluation reserve. Independent valuations are obtained every 3-5 years, and at the end of each reporting period the directors update their assessment of the fair value of each property, taking into account the most recent valuations and movements in the market.

#### (n) Going concern

Notwithstanding the net current liabilities disclosed on the Statement of Financial Position at 31 December 2018, the directors are of the opinion that there is no material uncertainty over the company's ability to continue as a going concern as a result of the expected timing of receipts and payments in the next twelve months, the availability of external financing and the existence of investment property that can be sold independently of the other land and buildings.

#### (o) Adoption of new and revised accounting standards

In the year ended 31 December 2018, the company adopted AASB 9 *Financial Instruments*. The adoption of this standard did not impact the reported financial position, performance or cash flow of the company.

During the current year, no other standards became mandatory which impacted the financial report.

#### (p) New accounting standards for application in future periods

The AASB has issued new and amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have mandatory application dates for future reporting periods. The directors have decided against early adoption of these Standards, but does not expect the adoption of these standards to have any impact on the reported position or performance of the company.

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

_	_		
3	Revenue	and Other	Income

Revenue and Other Income	2018 \$	2017 \$
Sales revenue		
- sale of goods	753,916	675,045
- provision of services	739,470	752,381
- promotion revenue	78,356	71,110
	1,571,742	1,498,536
Other revenue		
- other interest received	279	131
- rental revenue	13,255	13,346
- member subscriptions	6,759	7,390
- other revenue	4,855	1,954
	25,148	22,821
Total Revenue	1,596,890	1,521,357
	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Other Income		
- gain on sale of non-current assets	7,160	-
- fair value adjustment to investment property		190,000
Total Other Income	7,160	190,000

#### 4 Result for the Year

Profit before income tax includes the following specific expenses:

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Depreciation	Ψ	Ψ
Depreciation - buildings	76,250	69,903
Depreciation - furniture and fixtures	2,534	1,607
Depreciation - motor vehicles	-	7,242
Depreciation - plant and equipment  Depreciation - poker machines	17,087 28,936	12,480 27,140
·	20,930	21,140
Total depreciation	124,807	118,372
Interest expense	5,674	4,659
Cost of sales	364,999	330,152
Employee benefits expense	539,738	499,784

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

#### 4 Result for the Year

Profit before income tax includes the following specific expenses:

Them belone mounte tax melades the following apasine expenses.	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Other expenses		
Auditor's remuneration	32,800	32,750
Cleaning expenses	39,636	34,037
Electricity and gas	72,818	64,480
Insurance	55,743	45,182
Promotion expenses	127,989	127,437
Repairs and maintenance	91,827	98,283
Function expenses	20,428	10,691
Printing and stationery	10,117	7,585
Rates and taxes	16,091	15,618
TAB expenses	18,040	19,402
Entertainment expenses	42,472	39,794
Other expenses	130,101	122,462
Total other expenses	658,062	617,721

ABN 40 000 880 393

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The major components of tax expense (income) comprise:

#### For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

#### **Income Tax Expense**

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Current tax expense		
Current tax expense	(7,923)	(4,439)

Current tax expense Current tax expense	(7,923)	(4,439)
Deferred tax expense Deferred tax expense Under/(over) provision in respect of prior	(2,559)	55,834
years	(1,175)	(52,850)
	(11,657)	(1,455)

The prima facie tax on profit from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as

follows:	<b>201</b> 8 \$	2017 \$
Prima facie tax payable on profit from ordinary activities before income tax at 27.5% (2017: 27.5%)	(24,538)	38,684
Add:		
Tax effect of: - (Profit)/loss relating to members - other temporary differences	16,894	6,980 6,568
	(7,644)	52,232
Less:		
Tax effect of: - other temporary differences	2,838	-
- over provision for income tax in prior year	1,175	52,850
- fair value gain on investment property	-	353
- change in tax rate		484
Income tax expense	(11,657)	(1,455)

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

·	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Cash on hand	43,134	42,199
Cash at bank	106,907	147,286
	150,041	189,485

ABN 40 000 880 393

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

#### 6 Cash and Cash Equivalents

#### Reconciliation of cash

Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows is reconciled to items in the statement of financial position as follows:

		2018	2017
		\$	\$
	Cash and cash equivalents	150,041	189,485
7	Trade and Other Receivables		
		2018	2017
		\$	\$
	CURRENT		
	Trade receivables	4,995	3,007
8	Inventories		
		2018	2017
		\$	\$
	CURRENT		
	At cost:		
	Finished goods	28,983	26,752

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

9 Property,	Plant and	Equipment
-------------	-----------	-----------

Property, Plant and Equipment	2018 \$	2017 \$
LAND AND BUILDINGS		
Freehold land At directors' valuation At independent valuation	1,150,000	- 1,150,000
Total freehold land	1,150,000	1,150,000
Building At directors' valuation At independent valuation Accumulated depreciation	3,050,000 - (76,251)	3,050,000
Total buildings	2,973,749	3,050,000
Total land and buildings	4,123,749	4,200,000
PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
Poker machines At cost Accumulated depreciation	437,393 (312,441)	395,835 (297,737)
Total poker machines	124,952	98,098
Furniture, fixture and fittings At cost Accumulated depreciation Total furniture, fixture and fittings	52,450 (33,220) 19,230	44,760 (30,686) 14,074
Motor vehicles At cost Accumulated depreciation	36,212 (17,183)	36,212 (9,941)
Total motor vehicles Plant and equipment	19,029	26,271
At cost	160,210	158,419
Accumulated depreciation	(108,650)	(98,801)
Total plant and equipment	51,560	59,618
Total property, plant and equipment	4,338,520	4,398,061

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

#### 9 Property, Plant and Equipment

The land and buildings were revalued at 31 December 2017 based on a valuation performed by independent valuers. The 2018 valuations were performed by the directors. Valuations were made on the basis of current replacement cost. The revaluation surplus net of applicable deferred income taxes was credited to an asset revaluation reserve in shareholders' equity.

#### **Movements in Carrying Amounts**

Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year:

	Land \$	Buildings \$	Poker machines \$	Furniture, Fixtures and Fittings \$	Motor vehicles	Plant and equipment	Total \$
Balance at the beginning of year	1,150,000	3,050,000	98,098	14,074	26,271	59,618	4,398,061
Additions	-	-	55,789	7,690	-	1,787	65,266
Depreciation expense		(76,251)	(28,935)	(2,534)	(7,242)	(9,845)	(124,807)
Balance at 31 December 2018	1,150,000	2,973,749	124,952	19,230	19,029	51,560	4,338,520

#### 10 Investment Property

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Balance at beginning of year	440,000	250,000
Fair value adjustments		190,000
Balance at end of year	440,000	440,000

The investment property was revalued at 31 December 2017 by independent valuers. The 2018 valuations were performed by the directors. Valuations were made using the market approach.

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

11	Other Assets				
			2	018	2017
				\$	\$
	CURRENT				
	Prepayments Town deposits			5,996	5,996
	Term deposits			8,164	8,027
				14,160	14,023
12	Deferred Tax				
			Opening	Charged/ (credited) to	Closing
			Balance \$	Income \$	Balance \$
	Deferred tax assets		*	*	*
	Accruals		3,097	7 3,594	6,691
	Carryforward tax losses		11,239	55,928	67,167
	Balance at 31 December 2017		14,336	59,522	73,858
	Accruals		6,69	1 (50)	6,641
	Carryforward tax losses		67,167	7 9,098	76,265
	Balance at 31 December 2018		73,858	9,048	82,906
		Opening Balance	Charged/ (credited) to Income	Charged Directly to Equity	Closing Balance
		\$	\$	\$	\$
	<b>Deferred tax liability</b> Fair value gain	27,192	58,067	28,208	113,467
	Balance at 31 December 2017	27,192	58,067	28,208	113,467
	Fair value gain	113,467	(2,609)	-	110,858
	Balance at 31 December 2018	113,467	(2,609)	_	110,858
			·		
13	Trade and Other Payables				
			2	018	2017
				\$	\$
	CURRENT Trade payables			40 000	44.042
	Trade payables GST payable			48,809 20,702	44,042 24,123
	Accrued expenses			54,345	55,795
	Employee entitlements			116,606	98,491
				240,462	222,451

ABN 40 000 880 393

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

	_		
14	Bor	rowin	as

	2018 \$	2017 \$
CURRENT		
Secured liabilities: Bank loans	65,140	87,020
Total current borrowings	65,140	87,020

The bank overdraft and bank loan are secured by a first registered mortgage over the investment property.

#### 15 Other Liabilities

	2018 \$	2017 \$
CURRENT Deferred income	17,266	18,387
NON-CURRENT Deferred income	14,150	16,163

#### 16 Provisions

	2018 \$	2017 \$
NON-CURRENT Employee entitlements	9,025	7,421

#### **Provision for employee entitlements**

The provision for employee entitlements represents a provision for long service leave calculated on the service period for employees with less than 10 years service. As this leave is only payable in specific circumstances, the timing of the payments, if any, is uncertain.

#### 17 Reserves

#### Asset revaluation reserve

The asset revaluation reserve records gains on the revaluation of property, plant and equipment recorded at fair value.

ABN 40 000 880 393

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

#### 18 Financial Risk Management

The company's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, local money market instruments, short-term investments, accounts receivable and payable, bank loans and overdrafts and leases.

The totals for each category of financial instruments, measured in accordance with AASB 9 as detailed in the accounting policies to these financial statements, are as follows:

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Financial Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	150,041	189,485
Financial assets at amortised cost	13,159	11,034
Total financial assets	163,200	200,519
Financial Liabilities		
Financial liabilities at amortised cost		
Trade and other payables	103,154	99,837
Borrowings	65,140	87,020
Total financial liabilities	168,294	186,857

#### **Net fair values**

#### Fair value estimation

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

#### 19 Members' Guarantee

The company is incorporated under the *Corporations Act 2001* and is a company limited by guarantee. If the company is wound up, the constitution states that each member is required to contribute a maximum of \$2 each towards meeting any outstandings and obligations of the company. At 31 December 2018 the number of members was 1,975 (2017: 1,898).

#### 20 Key Management Personnel Compensation

The totals of remuneration paid to the key management personnel of Warragamba Workers & Sporting Club Ltd during the year are as follows:

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Compensation to directors and other key management personnel of the		
company	101,340	102,554

ABN 40 000 880 393

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

#### 21 Auditor's Remuneration

	2018	2017 \$
	\$	
Remuneration of the auditor of the company for:		
- auditing or reviewing the financial report	31,000	31,000
- taxation services	1,800	1,750

#### 22 Related Party Transactions

#### Key management personnel

Any person(s) having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of that entity is considered key management personnel.

For details of remuneration relating to key management personnel, refer to Note 20: Key Management Personnel Compensation. Unpaid annual and long service leave accrued for key management personnel at 31 December 2018 was \$72,065 (2017: \$62,712).

Hi Quality Electrical received remuneration of \$5,288 (2017: \$4,408) from the company for repairs and maintenance services performed during the year. A director of the company, Mr Clayton Jenkins, is the owner of Hi Quality Electrical. The remuneration paid to Hi Quality Electrical was equal to or less than the amount that would have been paid to an unrelated party for the services.

#### 23 Events after the end of the Reporting Period

The financial report was authorised for issue on 26 February 2019 by the board of directors.

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company in future financial years.

#### 24 Company Details

The registered office of and principal place of business of the company is:

Warragamba Workers & Sporting Club Ltd 9-11 Eighteenth Street Warragamba NSW 2752

#### **Directors' Declaration**

The directors of the company declare that:

- 1. The financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 6 to 25, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and
  - a. comply with Australian Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Requirements; and
  - b. give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 31 December 2018 and of the performance for the year ended on that date of the company.
- 2. In the directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Director	Director	Hell
Clayton Jenkins		Maurie Hall

Dated this 267H day of FF Skura Y 2019



## Independent Auditor's Report to the members of Warragamba Workers & Sporting Club Ltd

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial report of Warragamba Workers & Sporting Club Ltd (the Company), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of Warragamba Workers & Sporting Club Ltd is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 31 December 2018 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Requirements and the *Corporations Regulations* 2001.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the directors' report, the detailed income statement and the trading account schedules for the year ended 31 December 2018 but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Independent Auditor's Report to the members of Warragamba Workers & Sporting Club Ltd

#### Responsibilities of Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards - Reduced Disclosure Requirements and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to
  provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than
  for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
  override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

## Independent Auditor's Report to the members of Warragamba Workers & Sporting Club Ltd

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether
the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Kelly Partners Assurance Services

Peter Dawkins

Registered Auditor Number 4334

North Sydney

Dated this 26# day of February 2019



#### For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

#### **Disclaimer**

The additional financial data presented on pages 31 to 36 is in accordance with the books and records of the company which have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our statutory audit of the company for the year ended 31 December 2018. It will be appreciated that our statutory audit did not cover all details of the additional financial data. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on such financial data and we give no warranty of accuracy or reliability in respect of the data provided. Neither Kelly Partners Assurance Services nor any member or employee of Kelly Partners Assurance Services undertakes responsibility in any way whatsoever to any person (other than Warragamba Workers & Sporting Club Ltd) in respect of such data, including any errors or omissions therein however caused.

Kelly Partners Assurance Services

Peter Dawkins

Registered Auditor Number 4334

North Sydney

Dated this 26 M day of February 2019

#### For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

### **Detailed income statement**

	2018 \$	2017 \$
	Ψ	Ψ
Income	752.046	675.045
Bar sales Cetering cont	753,916 4,727	675,045
Catering rent Commissions	97,611	2,363 101,612
Poker machine income	641,859	650,770
Interest income	279	131
Rental income	13,255	13,346
Member subscriptions	6,759	7,390
Promotion revenue	78,356	71,110
Other revenue	129	(410)
Other income	7,160	
Total income	1,604,051	1,521,357
Less: Expenses		
Advertising	6,878	7,097
Auditors remuneration	32,800	32,750
Bank charges	3,754	3,854
Bar cost of sales	364,999	330,152
Bar expenses	-	314
Bar replacements	480	913
Cleaning	39,636	34,037
Computer expenses	7,101	6,168
Depreciation	124,807	118,372
Direct property expenditure from rental property	3,672	3,711
Directors' expenses	2,630	2,464
Donations	11,121	10,109
Electricity and gas	72,818	64,480
Entertainment	42,472	39,794
Interest expense	5,674	4,659
Functions expense	20,428	10,691
Gardening expenses	13,992	3,222
Insurance	55,743	45,182
Keno maintenance expense	1,537	2,048
Keno promotions	550	515
Keno stationery	665	811
Legal fees	-	350
Liquor license fee	3,032	3,020
Member amenities	29,594	27,413
Motor vehicle expenses	-	37
Postage	962	3,492
Printing and stationery	10,117	7,585
Promotion  Retro and toyon	127,989	127,437
Rates and taxes	16,091	15,618
Repairs and maintenance	91,827	98,283
Royalties and license fees	3,309	4,601

#### For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

### **Detailed income statement**

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Security costs	15,432	14,811
Staff amenities	235	579
Staff training	3,431	5,464
Stocktake costs	1,200	2,400
Subscriptions	5,258	4,401
Sundry expenses	-	581
Superannuation contributions	41,302	47,469
TAB expenses	18,040	19,402
Telephone and fax	7,611	6,682
Tills under/(over)	(119)	328
Uniforms	1,461	393
Wages - administration	140,123	97,278
Wages - bar	213,138	219,048
Wages - Keno	32,304	32,410
Wages - poker machines	63,551	54,292
Wages - TAB	44,970	43,823
Waste disposal	10,666	12,148
Total Expenses	(1,693,281)	(1,570,688)
Other items:		
Fair value adjustments on investment property	-	190,000
Profit before income tax	(89,230)	140,669

#### For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

## **Bar trading account**

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Revenue		
Sales	753,916	675,045
	753,916	675,045
Cost of sales		
Opening stock	(26,749)	(26,853)
Purchases	(367,230)	(330,048)
Closing stock	28,980	26,749
Cost of goods sold	(364,999)	(330,152)
Gross profit	388,917	344,893
Less: Direct expenses Bar expenses	_	314
Repairs and maintenance	480	913
Stocktaking costs	1,200	2,400
Tills: under/(over)	(119)	328
Wages	213,138	219,048
	214,699	223,003
Net profit / (loss)	174,218	121,890

#### For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

## Keno trading account

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Revenue		
Commissions	59,973	59,720
	59,973	59,720
Less: Direct expenses		
Promotions	550	515
Repairs and maintenance	1,537	2,048
Stationery	665	811
Wages	32,304	32,410
	35,056	35,784
Net profit / (loss)	24,917	23,936

#### For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

## **TAB** trading account

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Revenue		
Commissions	10,786	12,345
	10,786	12,345
Less: Direct expenses		
TAB expenses	18,040	19,402
Wages	44,970	43,823
	63,010	63,225
Net profit / (loss)	(52,224)	(50,880)

#### For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

## Poker machines trading account

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Revenue		
Net takings - poker machines	624,679	633,589
Gaming rebate	17,180	17,180
	641,859	650,769
Less: Direct expenses		
Depreciation	28,936	27,140
Repairs and maintenance	37,370	36,191
Wages	63,551	54,292
	129,857	117,623
Net profit / (loss)	512,002	533,146